Name:	 	 	
Organization:	 	 	
Date:			

International Transportation Learning Center Electric School Bus (ESB) Module #1 Operator Familiarization Test

Circle the correct answer for each question or statement.

- 1) Which is **NOT** a benefit of an electric school bus?
 - a. Lower noise levels
 - b. Little to no fluid changes
 - c. Lower floor height for easier boarding
 - d. No vehicle emissions
- 2) Which is **NOT** a benefit of an electric school bus?
 - a. Fewer moving parts for less maintenance costs
 - b. Lower center of gravity for improved handling
 - c. Rooftop batteries allow for solar charging
 - d. Exceptional power for acceleration
- 3) Operators are at risk for electrical shocks on an electric school bus.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4) Regenerative braking:
 - a. Extends brake lining life
 - b. Charges the bus batteries when the accelerator petal is released
 - c. All of the above
 - d. None of the above
- 5) The vehicle-to-grid (V2G) system allows energy from the high-voltage bus battery to be returned to the electrical grid when needed.
 - a. True
 - b. False

6)	a. b. c.	instrument cluster gauge is <u>NOT</u> found on an electric school bus? State-of-charge gauge Power-usage-efficiency gauge Fuel-level gauge Battery-temperature gauge
7)	a.	C/DC Converter is considered the alternator of an electric school bus. True False
8)	a.	lectric school bus also has 12-volt batteries to power the low voltage system. True False
9)	a. b. c.	e-conditioning: Pre-heats or cools the batteries and cabin Should be done while the bus is charging to extend bus range All of the above a. only
10)	a.	School Buses need pre or post inspections. True False
11)	Electric a. b.	school buses can use either air or hydraulic brakes. True False
12)	a.	y an operator drives an electric school bus can help to extend battery life. True False
13)		d AC charging use the same plug-in connectors. True

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b.	False
a.	Level 3 charging is faster than AC charging: True False

- 15) Drivers can extend the range of an electric school bus by slowing to stops and accelerating slowly from a stop.
 - a. True
 - b. False

Answer Key

- 1) Which is **NOT** a benefit of an electric school bus?
 - a. Lower noise levels
 - b. Little to no fluid changes
 - c. Lower floor height for easier boarding
 - d. No vehicle emissions
- 2) Which is **NOT** a benefit of an electric school bus?
 - a. Fewer moving parts for less maintenance costs
 - b. Lower center of gravity for improved handling
 - c. Rooftop batteries allow for solar charging
 - d. Exceptional power for acceleration
- 3) Operators are at risk for electrical shocks on an electric school bus.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4) Regenerative braking:
 - a. Extends brake lining life
 - b. Charges the bus batteries when the accelerator petal is released
 - c. All of the above
 - d. None of the above
- 5) The vehicle-to-grid (V2G) system allows energy from the high-voltage bus battery to be returned to the electrical grid when needed.
 - a. True
 - b. False

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6)	Which instrument cluster gauge is NOT found on an electric school bus? a. State-of-charge gauge b. Power-usage-efficiency gauge c. Fuel-level gauge d. Battery-temperature gauge
7)	The DC/DC Converter is considered the alternator of an electric school bus. a. True b. False
8)	Each electric school bus also has 12-volt batteries to power the low voltage system. a. True b. False
9)	Bus pre-conditioning: a. Pre-heats or cools the batteries and cabin b. Should be done while the bus is charging to extend bus range c. All of the above d. a. only
10)	Electric School Buses need pre or post inspections. a. True b. False
11)	Electric school buses can use either air or hydraulic brakes. a. True b. False
12)	The way an operator drives an electric school bus can help to extend battery life. a. True b. False

13) DC an	d AC charging use the same plug-in connectors.
a.	True
b.	False

- 14) DC or Level 3 charging is faster than AC charging:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 15) Drivers can extend the range of an electric school bus by slowing to stops and accelerating slowly from a stop.
 - a. True
 - b. False